

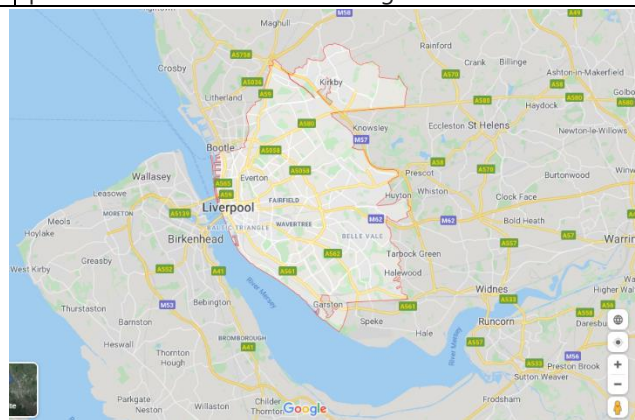




# Leamington Primary Geography Knowledge Organiser Year 2 – Liverpool



| What I should already know   | What I will learn   | Important words to help me. (vocabulary)   |  | Skills and Fieldwork   |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------|-----|---|-------|---|---------|---|--------------|---|------|---------------|----------|--|------------|--|-------|--|----------|--|--|
|  | <p>I will use an atlas and Google maps to locate the UK. I will learn that the UK is divided into four countries. I will the capital cities of each of these countries and the different attractions in each capital city. I will learn that Liverpool is a city in the North West of England.</p> <p>I will use Google maps to explore Liverpool and identify the different attractions around the city. I will look at the different human features (Liver building, Anfield football stadium, World museum and Radio City tower) and the physical features (Crosby Beach, River Mersey).</p>  | <table><tr><td>Atlas</td><td>A book of maps or charts.</td></tr><tr><td>Map</td><td>A diagrammatic representation of an area of land or sea showing physical features, cities, roads, etc</td></tr><tr><td>Beach</td><td>A pebbly or sandy shore, especially by the sea between high- and low-water marks.</td></tr><tr><td>Country</td><td>A nation with its own government, occupying a particular territory.</td></tr><tr><td>Capital City</td><td>The city or town that functions as the seat of government and administrative centre of a country or region.</td></tr><tr><td>City</td><td>A large town.</td></tr><tr><td>Landmark</td><td>An object or feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognized from a distance, especially one that enables someone to establish their location.</td></tr><tr><td>Attraction</td><td>A place which draws visitors by providing something of interest or pleasure.</td></tr><tr><td>Route</td><td>A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.</td></tr><tr><td>Postcode</td><td>A group of numbers or letters and numbers which are added to a postal address to assist the sorting of mail.</td></tr></table> |  | Atlas  | A book of maps or charts. | Map | A diagrammatic representation of an area of land or sea showing physical features, cities, roads, etc | Beach | A pebbly or sandy shore, especially by the sea between high- and low-water marks. | Country | A nation with its own government, occupying a particular territory. | Capital City | The city or town that functions as the seat of government and administrative centre of a country or region. | City | A large town. | Landmark | An object or feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognized from a distance, especially one that enables someone to establish their location. | Attraction | A place which draws visitors by providing something of interest or pleasure. | Route | A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination. | Postcode | A group of numbers or letters and numbers which are added to a postal address to assist the sorting of mail. | <p>*Draw a simple map (real or imaginary place) for example, freehand maps of gardens, watery places, route maps, places in stories.</p> |
| Atlas  | A book of maps or charts.   |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Map  | A diagrammatic representation of an area of land or sea showing physical features, cities, roads, etc   |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Beach  | A pebbly or sandy shore, especially by the sea between high- and low-water marks.   |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Country  | A nation with its own government, occupying a particular territory.   |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Capital City   | The city or town that functions as the seat of government and administrative centre of a country or region.   |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| City   | A large town.   |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Landmark   | An object or feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognized from a distance, especially one that enables someone to establish their location.  |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Attraction   | A place which draws visitors by providing something of interest or pleasure.  |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Route  | A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.  |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| Postcode   | A group of numbers or letters and numbers which are added to a postal address to assist the sorting of mail.  |  |  |  |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |
| <p><b>Interesting Facts</b></p> <p>- Liverpool has the largest collection of Grade II-listed buildings outside London.</p> <p>- Liverpool is the Capital of Cultur e for 2008.</p> |  <p>I will use photographs to recognise landmarks in the city. I will explore the landmarks and top attractions in Liverpool.</p> <p>I will learn why we have postcodes and they are used. I will use Digimaps to enter postcodes and flag places of interest in Liverpool. I will learn about why the area codes change.</p> <p>I will go on a walk on the local area. I will draw a simple map of the area including street names. I will use symbols agreed with the class to create a key and I will draw the route from one point to another.</p>  |   |  | <p>* Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river and weather.</p> <p>*Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to human features, including: city, town, port, harbour and shop.</p> <p>*Look down on objects to make a plan view map.</p> <p>*Begin to understand the need for a key.</p> <p>*Use class agreed symbols to make a simple key.</p> <p>*Investigate their surroundings.</p> |                           |     |   |       |   |         |   |              |   |      |               |          |  |            |  |       |  |          |  |  |