



What I should already know	What I will learn		Important words to help me. (vocabulary)	Skills and Research	
 Who the Anglo Saxons were and how they came to rule England. That different rulers/ communities had ruled/ settled in England and the UK over the years. 	 Who were the Vikings and where did they come from? You will research and explore the homeland countries and map out the journey the Vikings took, the seas they travelled and the areas of the UK they headed towards. What happened at Lindisfarne and why was this a key point in Viking history? You will use a range of sources and look at the attacks made by the Vikings, why they chose certain targets and what happened as a result of these invasions. Which region of Britain would you have lived in under the heptarchy? You will discover the journey that the Vikings took; the changes they made when they settled in England and the realms of the Heptarchy (similar to counties today) and places that were named by the Vikings. Why did the Vikings come to Britain and how did they make the journey? You will find out all about what the Vikings wanted to achieve by coming to Britain. You will explore the longships and label the different parts of these incredible boats. 			Research: Find out about the feud between the	
		Viking	Scandinavian seafaring pirates and traders who raided and settled in many parts of north-western Europe in the 8th-11th centuries.	Anglo Saxons and the Vikings. Use a variety of sources to discover about the Kingdoms and Kings in the Viking ruling time. Discover: Research the different invasions and why Lindesfarne was a turning point in Viking history.	
		Jorvik	Viking name for York		
		King	the male ruler of an independent state, the most important position - person who makes decisions about that area		
		Heptarchy	a state or region consisting of seven autonomous regions.		
		Longship	a long, narrow warship, powered by both oar and sail with many rowers, used by the Vikings and other ancient northern European peoples.		
		Invasion	an instance of invading a country or region with an armed force.		
 The Vikings were famous for sailing huge distances from their home in Scandinavia between AD 800 and 1066 to raid and plunder, but they also traded with people from other countries. The name 'Viking' means 'a pirate raid' in the Old Norse language. 		Defeat/ conquer	win a victory over (someone) in a battle or other contest; overcome or beat.		
		Voyages	travelling from one place to another with an end goal.		
		Settlements	a place, typically one which has previously been uninhabited, where people establish a community.		
		Thatched house	Thatching is the craft of building a roof with dry vegetation such as straw, water reed, rushes, heather, or palm branches, layering the vegetation to shed water away from the inner roof.		
		Runes	Runes are the letters of the runic alphabet. Germanic people with Vikings had developed this system of writing in the 1st or 2nd Century AD.		